



Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2022

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 1FR

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Summer 2022 Log number 68788 Publications Code 4MA1_1FR_2206_MS All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2022 **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

• Types of mark

- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

• Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o awrt answer which rounds to
- o eeoo each error or omission

• No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

• With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

• Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.

Internat	International GCSE Maths									
Apart f	Apart from question 22, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method									
	Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes					
1	(a)		7534	1	B1					
	(b)	eg 3600 – 3574 or 3745 – 3600		2	M1 for 3600 – "number" or "number" – 3600 where "number" contains the digits 3,4,5,7. Must have attempted to evaluate this calculation					
			26		A1 cao					
					Total 3 marks					

2 (a)	Pentagon	1	B1	
(b)	acute angle clearly indicated with ' A '	1	B1	allow either angle or both acute angles indicated
(c)	reflex angle clearly indicated with ' <i>R</i> '	1	B1	accept either the interior reflex angle, or any of the exterior reflex angles, if labelled outside of the shape with an arc
				Total 3 marks

3	(a)		18	1	B1	
	(b)(i)	eg 66 – 15 – 9 – 3 – "18"		2	M1ft	ft their 18 from part (a)
		or 66 – (7.5 × "6")				
		or 66 – 45				
			21		A1ft	ft their 18 from part (a)
						eg $66 - 15 - 9 - 3$ - their answer to part (a)
	(ii)		2 ¹ diagrama drawn	1	B1ft	follow through their 21 from (b)(i)
			$\frac{3-}{2}$ diagrams drawn			
						Total 4 marks

4	(a)		7	1	B1	70
			$\overline{10}$			oe eg $\frac{100}{100}$
	(1)		10	1	D1	100
	(b)		15	1	BI	
	(c)	3.25 × 2 × 5 == 7 × 2 == 3 × 25		2	M1	for a complete method
		$eg 55 \times 5 - 5 \text{ or } / \times 5 \text{ or } - \times 55$				
		5	21		A 1	
			21		AI	
						Total 4 marks
5	(a)		1	1	B1	or one line (only) on the diagram
						clearly indicated
	(b)		2	1	B 1	
			2	1	DI D1	11 10
	(c)		126	1	BI	allow ± 2
						Total 3 marks
6	(a) (i)		27	1	B1	
	(ii)		5 16	1	B1	either or both indicated
	(1)	$5 = 22$ identified as a minute on 5 ± 22	5,10	2	M1	et least and prime identified
	(D)	3 or 23 identified as a prime of 3 + 23		Z	IVII	at least one prime identified
			28		Al	
						Total 4 marks
7	(a)		(-1, 3)	1	B1	
	(h)		(5,1)	2	 	for $r = 5$
	(0)		(3 , 1)	2	D1	$f_{0} = 1$
	()					$\frac{101 y - 1}{2}$
	(c)	$\frac{1}{-x}6x4$ or		2	MI	for a correct method
		2				
			12		A1	
	(4)		D indicated at $(-1, -1)$	1	D1	label not required if acordinate clearly
	(u)		D indicated at $(-1, -1)$	1	Ы	aber not required if coordinate clearly
						indicated
						Total 5 marks

8	add 489 to 13 203	2	B2	oe eg accept 489 + 13 203
				(B1 for sight of $489 \times 27 = 13\ 203$)
				Total 2 marks

9 (a)		7p-t	2	B2	Fully correct answer (allow $-1t$)
					(B1 for $7p$ or $-t$)
(b)	eg $8 \times 5 - 3 \times 4$ or $40 - 12$		2	M1	for a complete method
		28		A1	
					Total 4 marks

10	(a) (i)		35	1	B1	if answer line is blank, check the
						diagram
	(ii)	vertically opposite angles are equal or vertically opposite angles are equal		1	B1	
	(b) (i)	(BEC =) 180 - 90 - 35 (= 55) or $(BEH =) 35 + 90$		2	M1	for a method to find angle <i>BEC</i> or <i>BEH</i>
			125		A1	if answer line is blank, check the diagram
	(ii)	eg <u>Angles</u> in a <u>triangle</u> add to 180° (allow angles in a <u>triangle</u> add to <u>180°</u>) <u>Angles</u> in a <u>triangle</u> sum to 180° (allow angles in a <u>triangle</u> sum to <u>180°</u>) <u>Angles</u> on a straight <u>line</u> add to 180° (allow angles on a straight <u>line</u> add to <u>180°</u>) The <u>exterior angle</u> of a triangle is <u>equal</u> to the sum of the <u>interior opposite angles</u>		1	B1	(dep on M1) for one correct reason
						Total 5 marks

11	$9.2 \times \frac{500}{1000}$ or $9.2 \div 2 (= 4.6)$ oe		4	M1	for a method to find the cost of 500g of Cheddar
	6.3 – "4.6" (= 1.7)			M1	for a method to find the cost of 200g of Stilton
	"1.7"× $\frac{1000}{200}$ or "1.7" × 5 oe			M1	for a complete method to find the cost of 1kg of Stilton
		8.5(0)		A1	
					Total 4 marks

12	eg $3x - 24 + 102 - x = 180$ oe or $90 + 90 + 3x - 24 + 102 - x = 360$ oe		3	M1	for setting up a correct equation
	eg $2x = 180 - 78$ oe or $2x = 360 - 258$ oe or eg $(180 + 24 - 102) \div 2$ or $360 - (90 + 90 - 24 + 102) \div 2$			M1	for simplifying and isolating the x term or for a complete calculation to find the value of x
		51		A1	
					Total 3 marks

13 (a)	$150 \div (90 \div 18)$ oe eg $150 \div 5$			2	M1	for a complete method to find the
						number of people for running
			30		A1	if answer line is blank, check the table
						for answer
(b)	eg $360 - (90 + 150 + 15 \times "5") (= 45)$ oe	eg 360 ÷ "5" (= 72)		3	M1	for working out the angle for
						swimming
						or the total number of people
						check the table for answers
						ft their "5" from 90 ÷ 18
	"45" ÷ "5"	"72" – (18 + 15 + "30")			M1	for a complete method to work out the
						number of people for swimming
						ft their "5" from 90 ÷ 18
						ft their "30" from (a)
			9		A1	if answer line is blank, check the table
						for answer
						Total 5 marks

		PMT

14	(a)	$2.6 \times 40 + 30$ oe		2	M1
			134		A1 allow 2 h 14 mins
	(b)	$2 \times 60 + 40 (= 160)$ oe		3	M1 convert 2 hours 40 minutes to minutes
		$(``160'' - 30) \div 40$ or $``130'' \div 40$			M1 for a complete method
			3.25		A1 oe eg $3\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{13}{4}$
					(Note: may see use of their part (a))
					Total 5 marks

15	eg 10.5 ÷ (5 – 2) (= 3.5(0)) or $\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{7} \left(= \frac{3}{7} \right)$ or 10.5× $\frac{5}{5-2}$ (= 17.5) or 10.5× $\frac{2}{5-2}$ (= 7)		3	M1	for finding the value of one share or the difference as a fraction or Bella's share or Millie's share
	eg "3.5"×7 or $10.5 \div$ " $\frac{3}{7}$ " or "17.5" + "7"			M1	for a complete method
		24.5(0)		A1	oe eg $\frac{49}{2}$
					SCB1 for an answer of 3 and/or 7.5 oe
					Total 3 marks

16	$\frac{62.3}{6.07}$		2	M1	for 62.3(2) or 6.07(646) or 10.2 or 10.3 or 10.25 or 10.26 or 10.255 or 10.256
		10.2559(6871)		A1	
					Total 2 marks

17 (a)		0.45	1	B1	oe eg $\frac{9}{20}, \frac{45}{100}, 45\%$
(b)	eg $1 - (0.25 + 0.2 + 0.2) (= 0.35)$ or $1 - ("0.45" + 0.2) (= 0.35)$ or $300 \times (0.25 + 0.2 + 0.2) (= 195)$		3	M1	allow use of their "0.45" from part (a), check the table
	eg 300 × "0.35" or 300–"195"			M1	for a complete method
		105		A1	cao (award $\frac{105}{300}$ M2 only)
					Total 4 marks

18	(a)	$eg 6 \times 2.4 + 5 \times 3.5$		2	M1	
			31.9		A1	oe
	(b)	(W =) 5.9n or $(W =) 5.9(n - 1) + 2.4or (W =) 2.4n + 3.5(n - 1)$		2	M1	for $2.4n + 3.5n$ or $5.9n$ seen
			5.9n - 3.5		A1	oe but must be in simplest form $eg -3.5 + 5.9n$
						Total 4 marks

19	5 × 12 (= 60) or $\frac{15+7-2+23+x}{5} = 12$ or $\frac{x+"43"}{5} = 12$		3	M1 f	for a method to find the total of the 5 numbers or setting up an equation in x '43" comes from $15 + 7 - 2 + 23$
	x + 15 + 7 - 2 + 23 = "60" or x + "43" = "60" or "60" - (15 + 7 - 2 + 23)			M1 f	for forming an equation with their 60 or for a complete calculation to find the value of x '43" comes from $15 + 7 - 2 + 23$
		17		A1	
					Total 3 marks

20	eg 0.45 × 180 (= 81) oe OR $\frac{15}{180} \left(= \frac{1}{12} \text{ or } 0.0833 \right)$ OR $\frac{15}{180} \times 100 (= 8.3(33)\%)$		4	M1	 for a method to find the number of students studying German OR the number of students studying French as a fraction or decimal of the total students OR a method to find the percentage of students studying French 81 may be seen as part of an equation
	eg 180 – 15 – "81" (= 84) or "81" + 15 (= 96) OR $1 - \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{45}{100}\right) = \left(\frac{7}{15} \text{ or } 0.466\right)$ or $\frac{1}{12} + \frac{45}{100} = \left(\frac{8}{15} \text{ or } 0.533\right)$ OR $100 - ($ "8.3" + 45) (= 46.6(66) or 46.7%) or "8.3" + 45 (= 53.3(33) or 53.3%)			M1	for a method to find the number of students studying Italian/Spanish or French/German OR a method to find the fraction or decimal of students studying Italian/Spanish or French/German OR a method to find the percentage of students studying Italian/Spanish or French/German 84 or 96 may be seen as part of an equation
	eg $\frac{"84"}{180 - "84"} (\times 100) \left(= \frac{7}{8} \text{ or } 0.875 \right)$ or $\frac{"84"}{"96"} (\times 100) \left(= \frac{7}{8} \text{ or } 0.875 \right)$ or $\frac{7}{15} \div \frac{8}{15} = \left(= \frac{7}{8} \text{ or } 0.875 \right)$ or $\frac{"46.6"}{"53.3"} (\times 100) (= 0.872)$			MI	tor a complete method to find the fraction or decimal or percentage of Italian/Spanish to French/German
		87.5		A1	accept 87.2 – 87.7
					Total 4 marks

21 (a)	$3c^4 + 12c^3$	2	B2 for $3c^4 + 12c^3$
			(B1 for $3c^4$ or $12c^3$)
(b)(i)		2	M1 for $(x \pm 9)(x \pm 1)$
			or for $(x+a)(x+b)$ with $ab = -9$ or
			a+b=8
	(x+9)(x-1)		A1 for correct factors
(ii)	-9, 1	1	B1 ft dep on factorising in the form
			(x+p)(x+q)
			Total 5 marks

22 $\frac{8}{3}(+)\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{5}{4} \text{ or } (2)\frac{8}{12}(+)(3)\frac{9}{12} \text{ or } (2)\frac{8a}{12a}(+)(3)\frac{9a}{12a}$		3	M1	for correct improper fractions or fractional part of numbers written correctly over a common denominator
eg $\frac{8\times 3}{12}$ or $2\frac{8}{12}$	$\frac{4+15\times3}{3\times4} \text{or} \frac{32}{12} + \frac{45}{12} \text{or} \frac{32a}{12a} + \frac{45a}{12a}$ $\frac{45a}{12a} + \frac{45a}{12a} + \frac{45a}{12a}$			M1	for correct fractions with a common denominator of 12 or a multiple of 12
$\frac{32}{12} + \frac{4}{12}$ or if sh additio	$\frac{5}{2} = \frac{77}{12} = 6\frac{5}{12} \text{ or } 5\frac{17}{12} = 6\frac{5}{12}$ nows $6\frac{5}{12} = \frac{77}{12}$ at the beginning then show that the on comes to $\frac{77}{12}$	Shown		A1	dep on M2 for a correct answer from fully correct working or shows that RHS = $\frac{77}{12}$ and fully correct working shows LHS = $\frac{77}{12}$
					Total 3 marks

23	eg (V=) $\pi \times \left(\frac{18}{2}\right)^2 \times 3.5 \ (= 890.(64) \text{ or } \frac{567}{2}\pi)$		3	M1	correct method to calculate volume
	eg (7.04 × 1000) ÷ "890.64"			M1	correct method to calculate density (if volume is incorrect, their value can be used if clearly labelled)
					accept use of 7.04 or an incorrect conversion from kg to g for mass
		7.9		A1	accept 7.9 – 7.92
					Total 3 marks

24	$18000 \times 0.15 (= 2700) \text{ oe}$ or $18000 \times 0.85 (= 15\ 300) \text{ oe}$ eg 18000×0.85^4 oe or "15300"× $0.85 \times 0.85 \times 0.85$ oe or "15300"× $0.85(=13005)$ oe and "13005"× $0.85(=11054.25)$ oe and "11054.25"× 0.85 oe		3	M1 M1	for finding 15% or 85% of 18 000 (dep) for a complete method	M2 for 18000×0.85 ⁴ or 18000×0.85 ⁵ (= 7	oe 986.(69)) oe
		9396		A1	awrt 9396		
					If no marks awarded, award SCB1 for or 18000×0.85^2 (= 13 005) or 18000×0.85^3 (= 11 054.(2 or 18000×0.4 (= 7200) oe or 18000×1.15 (= 20700) o or 18000×1.15^4 (= 31482.(oe 25)) oe pe (1125)) oe	
							Total 3 marks

25	$-4x \le 11-3$ or $-4x \le 8$ or $-x \le 2$ or $3-11 \le 4x$ or $-8 \le 4x$		2	M1	allow equals sign or condone incorrect inequality sign for M1 only
		$x \ge -2$		A1	allow $-2 \le x$
					SCB1 for x and -2 with an incorrect sign between them or -2 as an answer
					Total 2 marks

26	$3 \div 2 (=1.5 \text{ or } \frac{3}{2}) \text{ or } \text{ eg } \frac{51}{4(-0)}$ or $c = -1$		3	M1	for correct method to find gradient or the correct value of <i>c</i> for gradient, may see a correct calculation or $\frac{3}{2}$ oe or $1.5x (+ c)$ oe for value of <i>c</i> , allow $c = -1$, $y = -1$, $(L =) mx - 1$ oe
	y = "1.5"x (+ c) or $y = mx - 1or eg y - 5 = m(x - 4)$			M1	for use of $y = mx + c$ with either <i>m</i> or <i>c</i> correct (NB: $m \neq 0$) or for (<i>L</i> =) $1.5x - 1$ oe
		$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 1$		A1	oe eg $y = 1.5x - 1$
					Total 3 marks

27	$(AB^2 =) 7.5^2 - 6^2 (= 20.25)$ or eg $(BAC =) \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{7.5}\right) (= 53.1)$ or $\cos(BCA) = \frac{6}{7.5} (= 0.8)$		6	M1	for a correct first step to find <i>AB</i> or a complete method to find angle <i>BAC</i> or a correct first step to find angle <i>BCA</i>
	$(AB =) \sqrt{7.5^2 - 6^2} (= 4.5) \text{ or } (AB =) \frac{6}{\tan^{10} 53.1^{11}} (= 4.5)$ or $(AB =) 7.5 \cos^{10} 53.1^{11} (= 4.5) \text{ or } (BCA =) \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{1.000}\right) (= 36.8)$			M1	for a complete method to find <i>AB</i> or angle <i>BCA</i>
	(Area $ABC =$) $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times "4.5"$ (= 13.5) or (Area $ABC =$) $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 7.5 \times \sin("36.8")$ (=13.47 or 13.5)			M1	ft [their labelled <i>AB</i>] or [their labelled <i>BCA</i>] eg for $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times$ [their labelled <i>AB</i>] or
	2				$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 7.5 \times \sin[\text{their labelled } BCA]$
	(Area $DAC =$) 31.5 - "13.5" (= 18) or "13.5" + 0.5 × 7.5 × $AD =$ 31.5 oe			M1	ft (dep on previous M1) allow 31.5 – [their area]
	(AD =) ("18" ÷ 7.5) ÷ 0.5 oe			M1	for a complete method to find <i>AD</i> , dependent on correct working
		4.8		A1	accept 4.78 – 4.81
					Total 6 marks

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